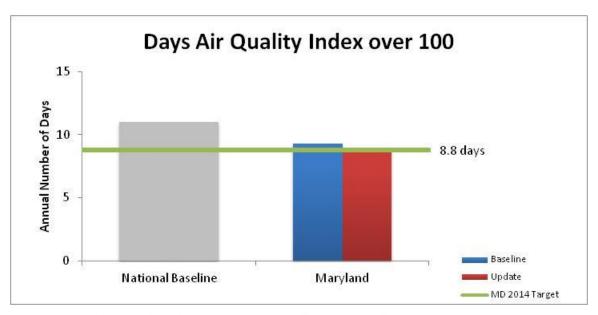
Objective 19: Reduce the number of days the Air Quality Index (AQI) exceeds 100

Poor air quality is associated with aggravation of asthma, premature death from heart and lung diseases, and increased acid conditions in lakes and streams.

Update Summary: On track or meeting the Maryland 2014 Target

Statistics and Goals

Measure: Average number of days the Air Quality Index (AQI) exceeds 100



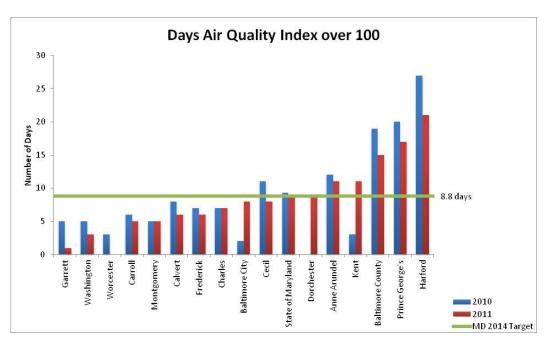
National and Maryland Data Source: United States Environmental Protection Agency

		Average		
National	Maryland		Number of	SHIP 2014
Baseline	SHIP	Year	Days	Target
11	Baseline	2010	9.3	8.8
(2008)	Update	2011	8.9	0.0

Objective 19: Reduce the number days the Air Quality Index (AQI) exceeds 100

Local-Level Data

Measure: Number of days the Air Quality Index (AQI) exceeds 100



Data Source: United States Environmental Protection Agency

County	2010	2011
State of Maryland	9.3	8.9
Allegany		
Anne Arundel	12	11
Baltimore City	2	8
Baltimore County	19	15
Calvert	8	6
Caroline		
Carroll	6	5
Cecil	11	8
Charles	7	7
Dorchester		9
Frederick	7	6
Garrett	5	1
Harford	27	21
Howard		
Kent	3	11
Montgomery	5	5
Prince George's	20	17
Queen Anne's		
Saint Mary's		

County	2010	2011
Somerset		
Talbot		
Washington	5	3
Wicomico		
Worcester	3	

Data Details	
<u>National Data</u>	
Source	United States Environmental Protection Agency Historic Air Quality Data
Year	2008
<u>Maryland Data</u>	
Source	United States Environmental Protection Agency
Year	
Baseline	2010
Update	2011
Calculation	
Numerator	The number of days per year in which the air quality index was over 100 (AQI>100)
Denominator	
Population source	
Single year method	
Combined year method	
<u>Notes</u>	
Race/ethnicity	
Censoring	
Origin	Data downloaded from US Environmental Protection Agency Air Quality Reports website (http://www.epa.gov/airdata/ad_rep_aqi.html) September 2012
Other	Note: The baseline measurement for the State of Maryland is the AVERAGE of the local areas' unhealthy air quality days.